Introduced by Assembly Member Hancock

April 24, 2003

Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 16—A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, by amending subdivision (a) of Section 2 of, and adding Section 2.5 to, Article XIII A thereof, relating to property taxation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACA 16, as introduced, Hancock. Property taxation: assessment: nonresidential real property.

The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975–76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred.

This measure would, commencing with the lien date for the 2005–06 fiscal year, specify that the "full cash value" of nonresidential real property that is not used for permanent or long-term commercial agricultural production is the fair market value of that property as of the lien date.

Vote: $^{2}/_{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

- Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That the
- 2 Legislature of the State of California at its 2003-04 Regular

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Session commencing on the second day of December 2002, two-thirds of the membership of each house concurring, hereby proposes to the people of the State of California that the 4 Constitution of the State be amended as follows:

First—That subdivision (a) of Section 2 of Article XIII A thereof is amended to read:

SEC. 2. (a) The "full cash value" means the county assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975–76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, except as otherwise provided in Section 2.5, the full cash value base of real property. For purposes of this section, the full cash value base of real property is the appraised value of real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred after the 1975 assessment. All real property not already assessed up to the 1975–76 full cash value may be reassessed to reflect that valuation. For purposes of this section, "newly constructed" does not include 16 real property that is reconstructed after a disaster, as declared by the Governor, where the fair market value of the real property, as reconstructed, is comparable to its fair market value prior to the disaster. Also, the term "newly constructed"-shall does not include the portion of reconstruction or improvement to a structure, constructed of unreinforced masonry bearing wall construction, necessary to comply with any local ordinance relating to seismic safety during the first 15 years following that reconstruction or improvement.

However, the Legislature may provide that under appropriate circumstances and pursuant to definitions and procedures established by the Legislature, any person over the age of 55 years who resides in property that is eligible for the homeowner's exemption under subdivision (k) of Section 3 of Article XIII and any implementing legislation may transfer the base year value of the property entitled to exemption, with the adjustments authorized by subdivision (b), to any replacement dwelling of equal or lesser value located within the same county and purchased or newly constructed by that person as his or her principal residence within two years of the sale of the original property. For purposes of this section, "any person over the age of 55 years" includes a married couple one member of which is over the age of 55 years. For purposes of this section, "replacement dwelling" means a building, structure, or other shelter constituting a place of -3- ACA 16

abode, whether real property or personal property, and any land on which it may be situated. For purposes of this section, a two-dwelling unit shall be considered as two separate single-family dwellings. This paragraph shall apply to any replacement dwelling that was purchased or newly constructed on or after November 5, 1986.

In addition, the Legislature may authorize each county board of supervisors, after consultation with the local affected agencies within the county's boundaries, to adopt an ordinance making the provisions of this subdivision relating to transfer of base year value also applicable to situations in which the replacement dwellings are located in that county and the original properties are located in another county within this State. For purposes of this paragraph, "local affected agency" means any city, special district, school district, or community college district that receives an annual property tax revenue allocation. This paragraph shall apply to any replacement dwelling that was purchased or newly constructed on or after the date the county adopted the provisions of this subdivision relating to transfer of base year value, but shall not apply to any replacement dwelling that was purchased or newly constructed before November 9, 1988.

The Legislature may extend the provisions of this subdivision relating to the transfer of base year values from original properties to replacement dwellings of homeowners over the age of 55 years to severely disabled homeowners, but only with respect to those replacement dwellings purchased or newly constructed on or after the effective date of this paragraph.

Second—That Section 2.5 is added to Article XIII A thereof, to read:

SEC. 2.5. For the lien date for the 2005–06 fiscal year and each lien date thereafter, the "full cash value" of nonresidential real property, not used for permanent or long-term commercial agricultural production as defined in statute, is the fair market value of that property as of that date.